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09/744,431	01/22/2001	James Arthur Hoffmann	X-12383M	5086
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ELI LILLY AND COMPANY PATENT DIVISION P.O. BOX 6288 INDIANAPOLIS, IN 46206-6288				
EXAMINER DEBERRY, REGINA M				
ART UNIT		PAPER NUMBER		
1647				

DATE MAILED: 03/11/2004

Please find below and/or attached an Office communication concerning this application or proceeding.

**Office Action Summary**

Application No.

09/744,431

Applicant(s)

HOFFMANN ET AL.

Examiner

Regina M. DeBerry

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-- The MAILING DATE of this communication appears on the cover sheet with the correspondence address --

**Period for Reply**

A SHORTENED STATUTORY PERIOD FOR REPLY IS SET TO EXPIRE 3 MONTH(S) FROM THE MAILING DATE OF THIS COMMUNICATION.

- Extensions of time may be available under the provisions of 37 CFR 1.136(a). In no event, however, may a reply be timely filed after SIX (6) MONTHS from the mailing date of this communication.
- If the period for reply specified above is less than thirty (30) days, a reply within the statutory minimum of thirty (30) days will be considered timely.
- If NO period for reply is specified above, the maximum statutory period will apply and will expire SIX (6) MONTHS from the mailing date of this communication.
- Failure to reply within the set or extended period for reply will, by statute, cause the application to become ABANDONED (35 U.S.C. § 133).
- Any reply received by the Office later than three months after the mailing date of this communication, even if timely filed, may reduce any earned patent term adjustment. See 37 CFR 1.704(b).

**Status**

- 1) ☐ Responsive to communication(s) filed on 10/20/03.
- 2a) ☒ This action is **FINAL**. 2b) ☐ This action is non-final.
- 3) ☐ Since this application is in condition for allowance except for formal matters, prosecution as to the merits is closed in accordance with the practice under *Ex parte Quayle*, 1935 C.D. 11, 453 O.G. 213.

**Disposition of Claims**

- 4) ☒ Claim(s) 159 and 160 is/are pending in the application.
- 4a) Of the above claim(s) \_\_\_\_\_ is/are withdrawn from consideration.
- 5) ☐ Claim(s) \_\_\_\_\_ is/are allowed.
- 6) ☒ Claim(s) 159 and 160 is/are rejected.
- 7) ☐ Claim(s) \_\_\_\_\_ is/are objected to.
- 8) ☐ Claim(s) \_\_\_\_\_ are subject to restriction and/or election requirement.

**Application Papers**

- 9) ☐ The specification is objected to by the Examiner.
- 10) ☐ The drawing(s) filed on \_\_\_\_\_ is/are: a) ☐ accepted or b) ☐ objected to by the Examiner.  
Applicant may not request that any objection to the drawing(s) be held in abeyance. See 37 CFR 1.85(a).
- 11) ☐ The proposed drawing correction filed on \_\_\_\_\_ is: a) ☐ approved b) ☐ disapproved by the Examiner.  
If approved, corrected drawings are required in reply to this Office action.
- 12) ☐ The oath or declaration is objected to by the Examiner.

**Priority under 35 U.S.C. §§ 119 and 120**

- 13) ☐ Acknowledgment is made of a claim for foreign priority under 35 U.S.C. § 119(a)-(d) or (f).  
a) ☐ All b) ☐ Some \* c) ☐ None of:  
1. ☐ Certified copies of the priority documents have been received.  
2. ☐ Certified copies of the priority documents have been received in Application No. \_\_\_\_\_.  
3. ☐ Copies of the certified copies of the priority documents have been received in this National Stage application from the International Bureau (PCT Rule 17.2(a)).  
\* See the attached detailed Office action for a list of the certified copies not received.
- 14) ☒ Acknowledgment is made of a claim for domestic priority under 35 U.S.C. § 119(e) (to a provisional application).  
a) ☐ The translation of the foreign language provisional application has been received.
- 15) ☐ Acknowledgment is made of a claim for domestic priority under 35 U.S.C. §§ 120 and/or 121.

**Attachment(s)**

- 1) ☒ Notice of References Cited (PTO-892)
- 2) ☐ Notice of Draftsperson's Patent Drawing Review (PTO-948)
- 3) ☒ Information Disclosure Statement(s) (PTO-1449) Paper No(s) 10/20/03
- 4) ☐ Interview Summary (PTO-413) Paper No(s). \_\_\_\_\_
- 5) ☐ Notice of Informal Patent Application (PTO-152)
- 6) ☐ Other: \_\_\_\_\_

***Status of Application, Amendments and/or Claims***

The amendment filed 20 October 2003 has been entered in full. Claims 141-158 were cancelled. New claims 159-160 were added. Claims 159-160 are under examination.

The information disclosure statement filed 20 October 2003 was received and complies with the provisions of 37 CFR §§1.97 and 1.98. It has been placed in the application file and the information referred to therein has been considered as to the merits.

The text of those sections of Title 35, U.S. Code not included in this action can be found in a prior Office action.

***Withdrawn Objections And/Or Rejections***

The rejection of claims 141, 142, 145, 147, 152, 154, 156 and 158 under 35 U.S.C. 103(a) as being unpatentable over Andya *et al.*, US Patent No. 6,267,958 B1 as set forth at pages 4-5 of the previous Office Action (16 April 2003) is *withdrawn* in view of the amendment (20 October 2003).

The rejection of claims 143, 146, 149-155, 157 under 35 U.S.C. 103(a) as being unpatentable over Andya *et al.*, US Patent No. 6,267,958 B1 in view of Skrabanja *et al.*, EP 0853 945 A1 (cited in IDS, reference #BF) as set forth at pages 5-6 of the previous Office Action (16 April 2003) is *withdrawn* in view of the amendment (20 October 2003).

The rejection of claims 144, 148 under 35 U.S.C. 103(a) as being unpatentable over Andya *et al.*, US Patent No. 6,267,958 B1 and Skrabanja *et al.*, EP 0853 945 A1

and further in view of Boime *et al.* US Patent No. 6,238,890 as set forth at pages 7-8 of the previous Office Action (16 April 2003) is *withdrawn* in view of the amendment (20 October 2003).

The provisional rejection of claims 141-143, 145, 146, 147, 149-152, 154, 156 under the judicially created doctrine of obviousness-type double patenting as being unpatentable over claims 62-78 of copending Application No. 09/973918 in view of Andya *et al.*, US Patent No. 6,267,958 B1 as set forth at pages 8-10 of the previous Office Action (16 April 2003) is *withdrawn* in view of the amendment (20 October 2003).

The provisional rejection of claims 144 and 148 under the judicially created doctrine of obviousness-type double patenting as being unpatentable over claims 62, 67, 68 and 72 of copending Application No. 09/973918 in view of Boime *et al.*, US Patent No. 6,238,890 as set forth at pages 10-11 of the previous Office Action (16 April 2003) is *withdrawn* in view of the amendment (20 October 2003).

The provisional rejection of claims 153, 155 and 157 under the judicially created doctrine of obviousness-type double patenting as being unpatentable over claims 62, 67, 68 and 72 of copending Application No. 09/973918 in view of Skrabanja *et al.* EP 0853 945 A1 as set forth at pages 11-12 of the previous Office Action (16 April 2003) is *withdrawn* in view of the amendment (20 October 2003).

The provisional rejection of claims 141-152, 154, 156, 158 under the judicially created doctrine of obviousness-type double patenting as being unpatentable over claims 104-115, 120-127 of copending Application No. 09/928,198 in view of Andya *et*

*al.*, US Patent No. 6,267,958 B1 as set forth at pages 12-14 of the previous Office Action (16 April 2003) is *withdrawn* in view of the amendment (20 October 2003).

The provisional rejection of claims 153, 155 and 157 under the judicially created doctrine of obviousness-type double patenting as being unpatentable over claims 104-111 of copending Application No. 09/928,198 in view of Skrabanja *et al.*, EP 0853 945 A1 as set forth at page 14 of the previous Office Action (16 April 2003) is *withdrawn* in view of the amendment (20 October 2003).

#### ***Matter of Record***

Applicants have addressed the rejections of claims 141-148 in the instant amendment. Because claims 141-148 were cancelled, the Examiner will address Applicants' argument only if it applies to claims 159-160.

#### **Claim Rejections - 35 USC § 103**

Claims 159 and 160 are rejected under 35 U.S.C. 103(a) as being unpatentable over Keene *et al.*, The Journal of Biological Chemistry Vol. 264/9: 4769-4775 (1989) in view of Skrabanja *et al.*, EP 0853 945 A1 (cited in IDS, reference #BF) and Andya *et al.*, US Patent No. 6,267,958 B1 (cited in last Office Action).

The instant claims are drawn to a pharmaceutically acceptable solution formulation comprising human FSH (concentrations 5.0ug/ml to 2mg/ml) and a preservative in a aqueous diluent, wherein the preservative is selected from the group consisting of phenol, m-cresol, p-cresol, o-cresol, chlorocresol, benzyl alcohol,

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alkylparaban, benzalkonium chloride, benzethonium chloride, sodium dehydroacetate, thimerosal, and mixtures thereof, wherein the FSH consists of an  $\alpha$ -subunit having SEQ ID NO:5 and a  $\beta$ -subunit having SEQ ID NO:6 or SEQ ID NO:11, held together by noncovalent interactions and wherein the formulation is suitable for multi-dose administration by injection.

Keene *et al.* teach the expression of biologically active recombinant human FSH (abstract, page 4769, 3rd paragraph; page 4771, 3rd paragraph and 6th paragraph). Human FSH  $\alpha$  subunit is SEQ ID NO:5 (1-92 amino acids). Human FSH  $\beta$  subunit is SEQ ID NO:6 (1-111 amino acids). SEQ ID NO:11 is human FSH  $\beta$  subunit, but 3 amino acids shorter than SEQ ID NO:6. Keene *et al.* describe the construction and expression of human FSH  $\alpha$  and  $\beta$  subunit (page 4770, first paragraph). Keene *et al.* teach the biological activity of recombinant human FSH (page 4772, 2nd paragraph-page 4773 and Figures 6, 7). Keene *et al.* do not disclose pharmaceutical formulations of recombinantly expressed human FSH.

Skrabanja *et al.* teach a stable formulation comprising liquid FSH (abstract; page 3, lines 15-18, 35-38 and page 4, lines 11-13). Liquid FSH comprises all forms including human recombinant FSH (page 3, lines 35-54). Skrabanja *et al.* teach concentrations of FSH which overlap the concentrations in the instant claims (page 5, lines 5-14). Skrabanja *et al.* teach an article of manufacture comprising a vial or a pen-injector device. The formulation can be in the form of a cartridge for multiple uses (page 5, lines 21-45).

Andya *et al.* teach stable lyophilized protein formulations which when reconstituted generates a stable multi-use formulation (column 1, lines 52-column 2, line 9). The reconstituted formulation may be used as a multi-use formulation (column 2, lines 20-30). Andya *et al.* teach the follicle-stimulating hormone (FSH) as a suitable protein in the formulation (column 6, lines 44-50). Andya *et al.* teach that a preservative can be added to the diluent to reduce bacterial action in the reconstituted formulation, thus facilitating the production of a multi-use reconstituted formulation. Examples of preservatives include benzyl alcohol and m-cresol (column 9, lines 46-58).

It would have been obvious to one of ordinary skill in the art at the time the invention was made to modify the teachings of Reddy, Skrabanja and Andya to make the instant invention of stable, pharmaceutical acceptable, solution formulation suitable for multi-use comprising FSH and benzyl alcohol. The motivation and expected success is provided by Skrabanja and Andya. Skrabanja *et al.* teach pharmaceutical formulations comprising FSH which can be used in stable multi-use liquid pharmaceutical formulations. Andya *et al.* teach that pharmaceutical multi-use formulations comprising FSH can have preservatives such as benzyl alcohol to reduce bacterial action.

Applicants state that Andya does not teach all claim limitations of the instant application and that Andya provides not guidance regarding selection of preservatives that are compatible with an FSH formulation. Applicants state that although Andya's list overlaps in some respects with the Markush group in the instant application, Andya provides no suggestion or motivation regarding two preservatives; sodium

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dehydroacetate and thimerosal. Applicants' arguments have been fully considered but not deemed persuasive because the instant claim recites a Markush group. *Andy et al.* teach the use of more than one member (preservative) of the Markush group as recited.

Applicants argue that Skrabanja does not express or imply any desire to provide a preserved formulation, which Andya allegedly provides. Applicants state that neither sterility nor one or more doses necessarily suggest the use of a preservative. Applicants contend that sterility refers to the condition of the solution when the cartridge is sealed, it does not indicate the use of an antimicrobial preservative. Applicants' arguments have been fully considered but are not deemed persuasive. When relying on a combination of two or more references to establish a prima facie case of obviousness, the PTO must show that there is some suggestion or motivation to combine the prior art references. This suggestion or motivation can be found in the prior art references themselves, *in the knowledge generally available to one skilled in the art* or, in some cases, from the nature of the problem to be solved. The addition of preservatives to pharmaceutical formulations is deemed routine and well within the purview of the skilled artisan. Furthermore, Andya teaches the use of various preservatives in FSH pharmaceutical formulations.

### **Double Patenting**

Claims 159 and 160 are provisionally rejected under the judicially created doctrine of double patenting over claim 128 of copending Application No. 09/928,198 in view of Keene *et al.*, The Journal of Biological Chemistry Vol. 264/9: 4769-4775 (1989)



in view of Skrabanja *et al.*, EP 0853 945 A1 (cited in IDS, reference #BF) and Andya *et al.*, US Patent No. 6,267,958 B1 (cited in last Office Action).

Although the conflicting claims are not identical, they are not patentably distinct from each other. The instant claim is drawn to a pharmaceutically acceptable solution formulation comprising human FSH (concentrations 5.0ug/ml to 2mg/ml) and a preservative in a aqueous diluent, wherein the preservative is selected from the group consisting of phenol, m-cresol, p-cresol, o-cresol, chlorocresol, benzyl alcohol, alkylparaban, benzalkonium chloride, benzethonium chloride, sodium dehydroacetate, thimerosal, and mixtures thereof, wherein the FSH consists of an  $\alpha$ -subunit having SEQ ID NO:5 and a  $\beta$ -subunit having SEQ ID NO:6 held together by noncovalent interactions and wherein the formulation is suitable for multi-dose administration by injection. Claim 28 of application 09/928,198 is drawn to a pharmaceutically acceptable formulation comprising human FSH (5.0 ug/ml to 2mg/ml) and benzyl alcohol in an aqueous diluent, wherein the FSH consist of an  $\alpha$ -subunit having SEQ ID NO:5 and a  $\beta$ -subunit having SEQ ID NO:6, held together by noncovalent interactions and wherein the formulation is suitable for multi-dose administration by injection.

The claim in the instant application and in application 09/928,198 recite pharmaceutical compositions comprising FSH (5.0 ug/ml to 2mg/ml) and benzyl alcohol. Keene *et al.* teach the recombinant expression of human FSH comprising  $\alpha$ -subunit (SEQ ID NO:5) and a  $\beta$ -subunit (SEQ ID NO:6 and SEQ ID NO:11) held together by noncovalent interactions. Skrabanja *et al.* teach FSH in stable multi-use liquid pharmaceutical formulations. Andya *et al.* teach that pharmaceutical multi-use

formulations comprising FSH and benzyl alcohol. This is a provisional double patenting rejection since the conflicting claims have not yet been patented.

***Conclusion***

No claims are allowed.

Applicant's amendment necessitated the new ground(s) of rejection presented in this Office action. Accordingly, **THIS ACTION IS MADE FINAL**. See MPEP § 706.07(a). Applicant is reminded of the extension of time policy as set forth in 37 CFR 1.136(a).

A shortened statutory period for reply to this final action is set to expire **THREE MONTHS** from the mailing date of this action. In the event a first reply is filed within **TWO MONTHS** of the mailing date of this final action and the advisory action is not mailed until after the end of the **THREE-MONTH** shortened statutory period, then the shortened statutory period will expire on the date the advisory action is mailed, and any extension fee pursuant to 37 CFR 1.136(a) will be calculated from the mailing date of the advisory action. In no event, however, will the statutory period for reply expire later than **SIX MONTHS** from the date of this final action.

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Any inquiry concerning this communication or earlier communications from the examiner should be directed to Regina M. DeBerry whose telephone number is (703) 305-6915. The examiner can normally be reached on 9:00 a.m.-6:00 p.m.


If attempts to reach the examiner by telephone are unsuccessful, the examiner's supervisor, Gary Kunz can be reached on (703) 308-4623. The fax phone numbers for the organization where this application or proceeding is assigned are (703) 872-9306 for regular communications and (703) 872-9307 for After Final communications.

Any inquiry of a general nature or relating to the status of this application or proceeding should be directed to the receptionist whose telephone number is (703) 308-0196.



RMD

January 27, 2004



YVONNE EYLER, PH.D.  
SUPERVISORY PATENT EXAMINER  
TECHNOLOGY CENTER 1600